

1. 空所に入る語句を（1）～（4）から一つ選んでください。（2点×10）

問題 1-1 The medicine does not seem to be doing () good.

- (1). much
- (2). some
- (3). no
- (4). rather

問題 1-2 It is hard to stop () certain foods after starting.

- (1). to eat
- (2). eaten
- (3). ate
- (4). eating

問題 1-3 The symposium was poorly attended because of its () advertising.

- (1). so far
- (2). plenty of
- (3). lack of
- (4). not by

問題 1-4 Over eighty people are expected () Saturday for the workshop.

- (1). following
- (2). next
- (3). last
- (4). coming

問題 1-5 Please do not leave the room () I've finished giving my presentation.

- (1). while
- (2). until
- (3). during
- (4). due to

問題 1-6 Did you say you wanted your coffee with () without sugar?

- (1). and
- (2). or
- (3). but
- (4). either

問題 1-7 Her handwriting is so bad that I can't tell to () this letter is addressed.

- (1). when
- (2). whom
- (3). anyone
- (4). whenever

問題 1-8 People in the Japan have traditionally () rice.

- (1). ate
- (2). eat
- (3). eating
- (4). eaten

問題 1-9 I would prefer to have tea, () you are sure it is no extra trouble for you.

- (1). which
- (2). only
- (3). if
- (4). unless

問題 1-10 I wonder what they are going to serve () the New Year's dinner this year.

- (1). at
- (2). when
- (3). up
- (4). to

問題2 以下の日本語の英訳です。空所を埋めてください。(4点 x 10)

問題2-1 私は彼女にたくさん質問をすることがあります。

() () a lot of questions () her.

問題2-2 あのレストランはこの町で一番古いレストランです。

That restaurant is () () () () this town.

問題2-3 彼女は私より上手に英語を話します。

She () English () () me.

問題2-4 あなたはすでにその仕事を終えてしまいました。

You () () () the job.

問題2-5 向こうを歩いている男性は私の兄です。

The man () () () is my brother.

問題2-6 彼は尻尾が長い猫を飼っている。

He () a cat () tail () () ().

問題2-7 彼らは誰かが家に入ってくるのを感じました。

They () () () () their house.

問題2-8 彼女は息子に英語を勉強させました。

She () () () () English.

問題2-9 ここでは3つの言語が話されています。

There () () () spoken here.

問題2-10 私は彼女がどこ出身なのかわかりません。

I don't know () () () ().

3. 以下の英文を訳してください。(20 点×2)

問題 3-1 日本は、東京栄養サミット 2021 の成果文書に基づき、「誰一人取り残さない日本の栄養政策」のさらなる展開と成果について 2023 年度以降毎年発信しています。2025 年 3 月に開催された「パリ栄養サミット 2025」に向けて、これまで発信してきた「誰一人取り残さない日本の栄養政策」を総括する資料を作成しました。以下にその一部を示しました。訳してください。

The “double burden of malnutrition,” in which undernutrition (such as underweight and stunting), and overnutrition (such as overweight and obesity) coexist within a population, as well as the “triple burden of malnutrition” that includes micronutrient deficiencies, has become a global challenge that impedes the development of sustainable societies.

The Tokyo Nutrition for Growth Summit 2021 held in 2021 was the first summit to address the double burden of malnutrition, and many commitments were made by governments, businesses, and civil societies to improve nutrition worldwide.

In order to tackle all forms of malnutrition, combine various approaches are required, including all life-stages as well as social environments.

“Nutrition Policy in Japan to Leave No One Behind -For Achieving Sustainable Societies” 抜粋

問題 3-2 イグノーベル賞 2025 年が発表されました。受賞した論文の Abstract です。訳してください。

Experimental and comparative studies suggest that the striped coats of zebras can prevent biting fly attacks. Biting flies are serious pests of livestock that cause economic losses in animal production. We hypothesized that cows painted with black and white stripes on their body could avoid biting fly attacks and show fewer fly-repelling behaviors. Six Japanese Black cows were assigned to treatments using a 3 × 3 Latin-square design. The treatments were black-and-white painted stripes, black painted stripes, and no stripes (all-black body surface). Recorded fly-repelling behaviors were head throw, ear beat, leg stamp, skin twitch, and tail flick. Photo images of the right side of each cow were taken using a commercial digital camera after every observation and biting flies on the body and each leg were counted from the photo images. Here we show that the numbers of biting flies on Japanese Black cows painted with black-and-white stripes were significantly lower than those on nonpainted cows and cows painted only with black stripes. The frequencies of fly-repelling behaviors in cows painted with black-and-white stripes were also lower than those in the non-painted and black-striped cows. These results thus suggest that painting black-and white stripes on livestock such as cattle can prevent biting fly attacks and provide an alternative method of defending livestock against biting flies without using pesticides in animal production, thereby proposing a solution for the problem of pesticide resistance in the environment

Cows painted with zebra-like striping can avoid biting fly attack, Tomiki Kojima, katsutoshi Kino et.al, PLOS ONE, October 3, 2019 より